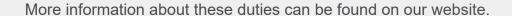


# Carmarthenshire County Council Annual Audit Summary 2021

This is our audit summary for Carmarthenshire County Council. It shows the work completed since the last Annual Audit Summary which was issued in January 2021. Our audit summary forms part of the Auditor General for Wales' duties.





# **About the Council**

# Some of the services the Council provides















#### **Key facts**

The Council is made up of 74 councillors who represent the following political parties:

- Plaid Cymru 37
- Labour 17
- Independent 13
- New Independent 4
- Independent Unaffiliated 1
- Welsh Conservative Unaffiliated 1
- Vacant 1

The Council spent £371.5 million on providing services<sup>1</sup> during 2020-21, the fourth-highest spending of the 22 unitary councils in Wales.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> We define spending on services as the cost of services charged to the general fund from the Expenditure Funding Analysis, less any Housing Revenue Account cost of services, plus precepts, levies and debt interest.

#### **Key facts**

As at 31 March 2021, the Council had £134.1 million of useable financial reserves<sup>2</sup>. This is equivalent to 36.1% of the Council's annual spending on services, the third-highest percentage of the 22 unitary councils in Wales<sup>3</sup>.

Carmarthenshire County Council has 5 of its 112 areas deemed as the most deprived 10% of areas in Wales, this is the eight lowest of the 22 unitary councils in Wales<sup>4</sup>.

Carmarthenshire's population is projected to increase by 4% between 2020 and 2040 from 188,517 to 196,106, including a 5.9% decrease in the number of children, a 3.2% decrease in the number of the working-age population and a 29.1% increase in the number of people aged 65 and over<sup>5</sup>.

# The Auditor General's duties

# We completed work during 2020-21 to meet the following duties

#### Continuous improvement

The Council had to put in place arrangements to make continuous improvements, including related plans and reports, and the Auditor General had to assess whether the Council met these requirements during 2020-21.

#### Audit of Accounts

Each year the Auditor General audits the Council's financial statements to make sure that public money is being properly accounted for.

#### Value for money

The Auditor General examines whether the Council has put in place arrangements to get value for money for the resources it uses, and he has to be satisfied that it has done this.

#### Sustainable development principle

Public bodies need to comply with the sustainable development principle when setting and taking steps to meet their well-being objectives. The Auditor General must assess the extent to which they are doing this.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> We define useable financial reserves as reserves usable for revenue costs, where the purpose is not protected by law. This is the total of the general fund, earmarked reserves and schools balances. It excludes Housing Revenue Account reserves, capital receipts and capital grants unapplied.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Source: 2020-21 Statement of Accounts

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> An area in this context is defined as a 'Lower Super Output Area'. Source: Stats Wales

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Source: Stats Wales



We continue to recognise the huge strain on public services and to work in a way that seeks to reduce the impact on public bodies' response to COVID-19, while still meeting our statutory duties



To meet the Auditor General's duties we complete specific projects, but we also rely on other audit work, and the work of regulators such as Care Inspectorate Wales and Estyn (the education inspectorate). We take the findings of our audit work into account when assessing whether the Council has put in place arrangements to secure value for money. Our findings and conclusions are summarised below.

# What we found

# **Audit of Carmarthenshire County Council's 2020-21 Accounts**

Each year we audit the Council's financial statements.

#### For 2020-21:

- the Auditor General gave an unqualified true and fair opinion on the Council's financial statements on 24 September 2021, in line with the statutory deadline.
- the Council's Annual Governance Statement and Narrative Report were prepared in line with the CIPFA Code and relevant guidance. They were also consistent with the financial statements prepared by the Council and with our knowledge of the Council.
- the quality of the draft statements presented for audit was generally good.
- a number of changes were made to the Council's financial statements arising from our audit work, which were reported to the Audit Committee in our Audit of Financial Statements Report in September 2021.
- in addition to the Auditor General's responsibilities for auditing the Council's financial statements, he also has responsibility for the certification of a number of grant claims and returns. Our work to date has not identified any significant issues.
- the Auditor General issued the certificate confirming that the audit of accounts for 2020-21 has been completed.

# Our work in response to the COVID-19 pandemic

In response to the COVID-19 pandemic, we changed the approach and focus of our performance audit work in local government and other bodies. Below is a summary of some of the work we have undertaken in response to the pandemic across a number of sectors, much of which is of relevance to local government.

We undertook a project to support public sector efforts by sharing learning through the pandemic. The project aims to help prompt some thinking, and practise exchange. <u>Further information is available on our website</u>.

In March 2021, we published a <u>national report</u> setting out an overview of progress to date on Test, Trace, Protect in Wales. In December 2020, we also published some <u>observations</u> of the Auditor General on procurement and supply of PPE during the COVID-19 pandemic, followed by a <u>report</u> in April 2021. In June 2021, we also published our <u>report</u> on the rollout of the COVID-19 vaccination programme in Wales.

# **Continuous improvement**

The Auditor General certified that the Council had met its remaining Local Government (Wales) Measure 2009 duties for the financial year 2020-21, as saved by an order made under the Local Government and Elections (Wales) Act 2021.

# Financial sustainability

During 2020-21, we examined the financial sustainability of each council in Wales. In October 2021 we concluded in our <u>report</u> that: Carmarthenshire County Council is well placed to maintain its financial sustainability and has plans in place to deliver the efficiency savings needed to meet its identified future funding gap.

We also published two national summary reports: the <u>first report</u> in October 2020 and the <u>second report</u> in September 2021.

# **Recovery planning**

During 2020-21, we reviewed the arrangements that each council in Wales was putting in place to support recovery planning. In Carmarthenshire County Council we undertook this work on an ongoing basis, providing real-time feedback where appropriate.

# Review of planning services (July 2021)

Our work reviewed whether the planning service was meeting its own objectives, and supporting the Council in the delivery of its overall objectives. Overall, we found in our <u>report</u> that significant and long-standing performance issues in the planning service need to be urgently addressed to help support delivery of the Council's ambitions.

# Review of waste services (July 2021)

Our work reviewed whether the Council has proper arrangements in place to plan and deliver its waste services sustainably. We found in our <u>report</u> that **the Council has met its statutory recycling targets and has recently drafted a strategy to make its waste service more** 

sustainable, but it has not finalised the strategy or got a clear plan for dealing with the large number of fly-tipping incidents in the county.

# Other inspectorates

We also took into account the reports of Care Inspectorate Wales (CIW) and Estyn as well as any subsequent actions taken by the Council in response. Care Inspectorate Wales undertook an Assurance Check in Carmarthenshire County Council in 2021. A <u>letter</u> was issued to the Council on its findings in November 2021. No reports have been issued by Estyn related to Carmarthenshire County Council since our last Annual Audit Summary.

# Local government studies

As well as local work at each council, each year we also carry out studies across the local government sector to make recommendations for improving value for money. Since the last annual improvement report, we have published the following reports:

# **Discretionary services (April 2021)**

Financial pressures have led to councils reducing spending and cutting services, but the pandemic has shown local government services are essential to keeping people safe and healthy. We focussed on how councils define services, the systems and processes they have used to review services and how robust these are. Demand for some essential services is continuing to increase and councils are not confident that they can continue to deliver these services in the face of this rising and complex demand. Councils need to take the opportunity to refresh, revaluate and reset what they do and to learn from the pandemic to build a better future. Our report was published in April 2021.

# Regenerating town centres in Wales (September 2021)

Between 1950 and 1980, local authorities prioritised regeneration of town centres creating new and greater retail space. However, past policy choices, changing consumer expectations and technological advances are now adversely affecting many Welsh town centres. And the pandemic has created challenges for local government and central government, with one in seven shops on Welsh high streets now empty, despite the Welsh Government investing and levering in £892.6 million in the last seven years. Local authorities do not have the capacity to respond to this situation and are not always using the powers they have to help regenerate towns. To deliver the best local outcomes, policies and joint working need to be aligned and integrated, and resources prioritised on town centres. Our report was published in September 2021.

#### Planned work for 2021-22

We also looked at the key challenges and opportunities facing the Council. These could have an effect on the Council's ability to meet its legal obligations in relation to the sustainable development principle and the use of its resources.

The most significant risk and issue facing councils and the wider public sector during 2021-22 continues to be the COVID-19 pandemic. We have shaped our work to provide assurance and challenge in a way which helps to support the Council through this period. Our planned work for 2021-22 includes:

- Assurance and risk assessment including a focus on:
  - The Local Government and Elections Act (Wales) 2021
  - Recovery planning
  - Carbon reduction plans
  - Self-assessment arrangements
  - Financial position
- Springing Forward as the world moves forward, learning from the pandemic, this
  review looks at how effectively councils are strengthening their ability to transform,
  adapt and maintain the delivery of services, including those delivered in partnership with
  key stakeholders and communities.
- Improvement reporting audit.

The Auditor General is independent of government, and is appointed by Her Majesty the Queen. The Auditor General undertakes his work using staff and other resources provided by the Wales Audit Office, which is a statutory board established for that purpose and to monitor and advise the Auditor General. The Wales Audit Office is held to account by the Senedd.

The Auditor General audits local government bodies in Wales, including unitary authorities, police, fire and rescue authorities, national parks, and community councils. He also conducts local government value for money studies, assesses compliance with the remaining requirements of the Local Government (Wales) Measure 2009 and may undertake special inspections under the Local Government and Elections (Wales) Act 2021.

Beyond local government, the Auditor General is the external auditor of the Welsh Government and its sponsored and related public bodies, the Senedd Commission, and National Health Service bodies in Wales.

Audit Wales is the non-statutory collective name for the Auditor General for Wales and the Wales Audit Office, which are separate legal entities with their own legal functions, as described above. Audit Wales is not a legal entity.

We welcome correspondence and telephone calls in Welsh and English. Corresponding in Welsh will not lead to delay. Rydym yn croesawu gohebiaeth a galwadau ffôn yn Gymraeg a Saesneg. Ni fydd gohebu yn Gymraeg yn arwain at oedi.

This document is also available in Welsh.